	Apêndices
	Zamia restrepoi
ZINGIBERACEAE [Ginger lily, em inglês]. [Natal ginger, em inglês]	
	Hedychium philippinense ** Siphonochilus aethiopicus (Populações de Moçambique, África do Sul. Suazilândia e Zimbabué)
ZYGOPHYLLACEAE Lignum-vitae ou pau-de-santo	
1.000	Bulnesia sarmientoi #1 Guaiacum spp. #2

第 44/2017 號行政長官公告

按照中央人民政府的命令,行政長官根據第3/1999號法律 《法規的公佈與格式》第六條第一款的規定,命令公佈聯合國安 全理事會於二零一七年八月五日通過的關於不擴散/朝鮮民主主 義人民共和國的第2371(2017)號決議的中文及英文正式文本。

二零一七年八月二十二日發佈。

行政長官 崔世安

Aviso do Chefe do Executivo n.º 44/2017

O Chefe do Executivo manda publicar, nos termos do n.º 1 do artigo 6.º da Lei n.º 3/1999 (Publicação e formulário dos diplomas), por ordem do Governo Popular Central, a Resolução n.º 2371 (2017), adoptada pelo Conselho de Segurança das Nações Unidas em 5 de Agosto de 2017, relativa à Não Proliferação/República Popular Democrática da Coreia, nos seus textos autênticos em línguas chinesa e inglesa.

Promulgado em 22 de Agosto de 2017.

O Chefe do Executivo, Chui Sai On.

#4 Todas as partes e produtos derivados, excepto.

as sementes (incluindo as vagens da espécie Orchidaceae), esporos e pólen (incluindo polinia). A isenção não se aplica às sementes de Cactaceae spp. exportadas do México, nem às sementes de Ø

ক্তিত

Beccariophoenix madagascariensis e Neodypsis decaryi exportadas de Madagáscar, as plántulas ou culturas de tecidos obtidas in vitro, em meio sólido ou liquido, transportadas em recipientes esterilizados; as fores cortadas elecidos obtidas in vitro, em meio sólido ou liquido, transportadas en recipientes esterilizados electroducidas antificialmente do género Vanilla (Orchidáceas) e da familia de Cactaceae; os futuos, e as suas partes e produtos derivados, de plantas naturalizadas ou reproduzidas artificialmente do género Opunífa, subgênero Opunífa e da Selenicereus (Cactaceae); e os caules, as flores, e as suas partes e produtos derivados, de plantas naturalizadas ou reproduzidas artificialmente do género Opunífa, subgênero Opunífa e da Selenicereus (Cactaceae); e os produtos acabados da Euphorbia antisyphilitica, embalados e prontos para o comércio a retalho. #11 Toros, madeira de serração, folheados de madeira, contraplacado, serradura e extractos

a) as sementes e o pólen; e
 b) os produtos acabados, embalados e prontos para o comércio a retalho.

Todas as partes e produtos derivados, excepto;

#2

第 2371 (2017) 號決議

安全理事會 2017 年 8 月 5 日第 8019 次會議通過

安全理事會,

回顧以往相關決議,包括第 825 (1993)、1540 (2004)、1695 (2006)、1718 (2006)、1874 (2009)、1887 (2009)、2087 (2013)、2094 (2013)、2270 (2016)、2321 (2016)和 2356 (2017)號決議以及 2006 年 10 月 6 日 (S/PRST/2006/41)、2009 年 4 月 13 日 (S/PRST/2009/7)和 2012 年 4 月 16 日 (S/PRST/2012/13)的主席聲明,

重申核武器、化學武器和生物武器及其運載工具的擴散對國際和 平與安全構成威脅,

表示最嚴重地關切朝鮮民主主義人民共和國(朝鮮)於2017年7月3日和7月28日違反第1718(2006)、1874(2009)、2087(2013)、2094(2013)、2270(2016)、2321(2016)和2356(2017)號決議進行彈道導彈試驗,朝鮮表示發射了洲際彈道導彈,這對《不擴散核武器條約》(《不擴散條約》)和旨在加強全球不擴散核武器機制的國際努力構成挑戰,給該區域內外的和平與穩定帶來危險,

再次着重指出朝鮮回應國際社會其他安全和人道主義關切的重要性,

又着重指出本決議規定的措施無意對朝鮮平民產生不利人道主義 影響,

表示嚴重關切朝鮮繼續違反安全理事會相關決議,一再發射和試 圖發射彈道導彈,注意到所有這些彈道導彈活動都助長朝鮮發展核武 器運載系統,加劇該區域內外的緊張局勢,

表示繼續關切朝鮮濫用《維也納外交和領事關係公約》賦予的特 權和豁免,

表示極為關切朝鮮違禁銷售軍火產生的收入被用來發展核武器和 彈道導彈,而朝鮮公民的需求未得到滿足,

表示最嚴重地關切朝鮮正在進行的核相關和彈道導彈相關活動進 一步加劇該區域內外的緊張局勢,認定國際和平與安全繼續受到明顯 威脅,

根據《聯合國憲章》第七章採取行動,並根據《憲章》第四十一 條採取措施,

- 1. 最強烈地譴責朝鮮違反並公然無視安全理事會決議,於 2017 年 7 月 3 日和 7 月 28 日利用彈道導彈技術發射彈道導彈,朝鮮表示 發射了洲際彈道導彈;
- 2. 重申安理會決定,朝鮮不得再使用彈道導彈技術進行發射活動 與核試驗,也不得進行其他任何挑釁;朝鮮須停止所有彈道導彈計劃 相關活動,並為此重新做出關於暫停導彈發射的原有承諾;須以完 全、可核查和不可逆轉的方式放棄所有核武器和現有核計劃,立即停 止所有相關活動,還須以完全、可核查和不可逆轉的方式放棄其他已 有大規模毀滅性武器和彈道導彈計劃;

指認

- 3. 决定第 1718 (2006) 號決議第 8 (d) 段規定的措施也適用於本決議附件一和附件二開列的個人和實體、代表他們或按其指示行事的個人或實體、由他們擁有或控制,包括以非法方式擁有或控制的實體,還決定第 1718 (2006) 號決議第 8 (e) 段規定的措施也適用於本決議附件一開列的個人以及代表他們或按其指示行事的個人;
- 4. 决定通過指認額外物品調整第 1718 (2006) 號決議第 8 段和本決議規定的措施,指示委員會為此開展工作,在本決議通過後 15 天內向安全理事會提交報告,還決定如果委員會未採取行動,則安全理事會將在收到該報告後 7 天內完成調整有關措施的行動;
- 5. 決定通過指認額外常規武器相關物項、材料、設備、物品和技術,調整第 2321 (2016)號決議第 7 段規定的措施,指示委員會為此開展工作,在本決議通過後 30 天內向安全理事會提交報告,還決定如果委員會未採取行動,則安全理事會將在收到報告後 7 天內完成調整有關措施的行動,並指示委員會每 12 個月對清單進行一次調整;

運輸

6. 決定委員會可對它有資料表明與第 1718 (2006)、1874 (2009)、2087 (2013)、2094 (2013)、2270 (2016)、2321 (2016)、2356 (2017)號決議或本決議禁止的活動有關或已涉及此類活動的船隻進行指認,所有會員國須禁止此類被指認的船隻進入本國港口,除非在緊急情況或返回發航港的情況下必需進港,抑或委員會事先認定是出於人道主義目的或符合第 1718 (2006)、1874 (2009)、2087 (2013)、2094 (2013)、2270 (2016)、2321 (2016)、2356 (2017)號決議或本決議的任何其他目的而必需進港;

7. 澄清,除非委員會根據個案情況事先批准,第 2270 (2016) 號決議第 20 段和第 2321 (2016)號決議第 9 段所述措施無一例外地 適用於包租懸掛朝鮮國旗的船隻,這些措施要求各國禁止本國國民、 受其管轄的人以及在其境內組建或受其管轄的實體擁有、租賃、運營 任何懸掛朝鮮國旗的船隻;

產業

8. 決定第 2321 (2016) 號決議第 26 段改為:

"決定朝鮮不得從其領土、或由其國民、或使用懸掛其國旗的船隻或飛機直接或間接供應、銷售或轉讓煤、鐵和鐵礦石,所有國家須禁止本國國民或使用懸掛其國旗的船隻或飛機從朝鮮購買這些材料,不論它們是否源於朝鮮領土,決定對於書面合同在本決議通過之前即已最後敲定的鐵和鐵礦石銷售和交易,所有國家可允許這些貨物自本決議通過之日起最多 30 天內進口入境,但須不遲於本決議通過之日後 45 天向委員會發出通知,其中載明這些貨物進口的詳細情況,還決定這一規定不適用於出口國根據可信情報證實非朝鮮原產且經由朝鮮運送的完全用於從羅津港(Rason)出口的煤,但出口國須事先通知委員會且此類交易不涉及朝鮮原產煤,並與創收支持朝鮮核計劃或彈道導彈計劃或第 1718(2006)、1874(2009)、2087(2013)、2094(2013)、2270(2016)、2321(2016)、2356(2017)號決議或本決議所禁止的其他活動無關";

9. 決定朝鮮不得從其領土、或由其國民、或使用懸掛其國旗的船隻或飛機直接或間接供應、銷售或轉讓海產食品(包括魚類、甲殼動物、軟體動物和其他一切形式水生無脊椎動物),所有國家須禁止由

本國國民或使用懸掛其國旗的船隻或飛機從朝鮮購買這些物項,不論它們是否源於朝鮮領土,並決定,對於書面合同在本決議通過之前即已最後敲定的海產食品(包括魚類、甲殼動物、軟體動物和其他一切形式水生無脊椎動物)銷售和交易,所有國家可允許這些貨物自本決議通過之日起最多 30 天內進口入境,但須不遲於本決議通過之日後 45 天向委員會發出通知,其中載明這些貨物進口的詳細情況;

- 10. 決定朝鮮不得從其領土、或由其國民、或使用懸掛其國旗的船隻或飛機直接或間接供應、銷售或轉讓鉛和鉛礦石,所有國家須禁止由本國國民或使用懸掛其國旗的船隻或飛機從朝鮮購買這些物項,不論它們是否源於朝鮮領土,並決定,對於書面合同在本決議通過之前即已最後敲定的鉛和鉛礦石銷售和交易,所有國家可允許這些貨物自本決議通過之日起最多 30 天內進口入境,但須不遲於本決議通過之日後 45 天向委員會發出通知,其中載明這些貨物進口的詳細情況;
- 11. 表示關切朝鮮國民經常為創造對外出口收入的目的在其他國家工作,朝鮮將這些收入用於支持違禁核計劃和彈道導彈計劃,決定所有會員國在本決議通過之日後任何日期,在本國管轄範圍內向朝鮮國民發放的的工作許可證總數不得超過本決議通過時已有數目,除非委員會根據個案情況事先批准要為提供人道主義援助、實現無核化或符合第 1718(2006)、1874(2009)、2087(2013)、2094(2013)、2270(2016)、2321(2016)、2356(2017)號決議或本決議目標的任何其他目的,超出本決議通過時在會員國管轄範圍內發放的工作許可證數目而僱用更多朝鮮國民;

金融

- 12. 决定各國須禁止由本國國民或在本國境內與朝鮮實體或個人開設新的合資企業或合作實體,或通過追加投資擴大現有的合資企業,而不論它們是為了朝鮮政府還是代表朝鮮政府行事,但這種合資企業或合作實體事先已由委員會根據個案情況批准的不在此列;
- 13. 澄清第 2094 (2013) 號決議第 11 段所載禁令適用於經由任何 會員國領土進行的資金清算;
- 14. 澄清為執行第 2094 (2013) 號決議第 11 段、第 2270 (2016) 號決議第 33 和 34 段以及第 2321 (2016) 號決議第 33 段之目的,將從事相當於銀行服務的金融服務公司視為金融機構;

化學武器

15. 回顧第 2270 (2016)號決議第 24 段,決定朝鮮不得部署或使用化學武器,緊急促請朝鮮加入《關於禁止發展、生產、儲存和使用化學武器及銷毀此種武器的公約》並隨後立即遵守其規定;

〈維也納公約〉

16. 要求朝鮮充分遵守《維也納外交關係公約》和《維也納領事關係公約》規定的義務;

對朝鮮人民的影響

17. 感到遗憾的是,朝鮮將其稀缺資源大規模挪用於發展核武器和多個耗資巨大的彈道導彈計劃,注意到聯合國人道主義援助協調處的調查結果,即一半以上朝鮮人民在糧食和醫療保健方面嚴重無保障,其中大量孕婦、哺乳期婦女及五歲以下兒童可能營養不良,全部人口中近四分之一患有慢性營養不良,在這方面,表示深為關切朝鮮人民遭受的嚴重困難;

制裁的執行

- 18. 决定所有會員國在本決議通過後 90 天內並在其後接獲委員會要求時,向安全理事會報告它們為有效執行本決議規定採取的具體措施,請專家小組同其他聯合國制裁監測組合作,繼續努力協助會員國及時編寫和提交這些報告;
- 19. 促請所有會員國加倍努力,全面執行第 1718(2006)、1874(2009)、2087(2013)、2094(2013)、2270(2016)、2321(2016)和 2356(2017)號決議的措施,並在這樣做的過程中,尤其是在檢查、發現和扣押這些決議禁止轉讓的物項時相互合作;
- 20. 決定第 1718 (2006) 號決議第 12 段規定的委員會任務適用於本決議規定的措施,還決定第 1874 (2009) 號決議第 26 段規定的、經第 2345 (2017) 號決議第 1 段修訂的專家小組的任務也適用於本決議規定的措施;
- 21. 決定授權所有會員國且所有會員國都須以不違反安全理事會有關決議包括第 1540 (2004)號決議規定的義務以及不違反《不擴散條約》、1997 年 4 月 29 日《關於禁止發展、生產、儲存和使用化學武器及銷毀此種武器的公約》和 1972 年 4 月 10 日《關於禁止發展、生產和儲存細菌(生物)及毒素武器和銷毀此種武器的公約》締約國義務的方式,扣押和處置(例如銷毀、使其失效或無法使用、儲存或轉交原產國或目的地國以外其他國家處置)在檢查過程中發現的第1718 (2006)、1874 (2009)、2087 (2013)、2094 (2013)、2270 (2016)、2321 (2016)、2356 (2017)號決議或本決議禁止供應、銷售、轉讓或出口的物項;
- 22. 強調所有國家包括朝鮮必須採取必要措施,確保朝鮮或朝鮮境內任何人或實體、或被指認適用於第 1718(2006)、1874(2009)、

2087(2013)、2094(2013)、2270(2016)、2321(2016)、2356(2017)號決議或本決議所述措施的個人或實體,抑或通過上述個人或實體或為其利益提出索賠的任何人,不得以任何合同或其他交易因本決議或以往各項決議所規定的措施而無法執行為由提出索賠;

- 23. 請國際刑警組織就被指認人員發佈特別通告,指示委員會與刑 警組織合作,為此制訂適當的安排;
- 24. 請秘書長向第 1874 (2009)號決議設立的專家小組提供更多必要的分析資源,以加強其分析朝鮮違反和逃避制裁行為的能力;

政治

- 25. 重申安理會深切關注朝鮮人民遭受的嚴重困難,譴責朝鮮在朝 鮮人民有大量需求未得到滿足的情況下不顧人民福祉,尋求發展核武 器和彈道導彈,強調朝鮮必須尊重和確保朝鮮人民福祉和固有尊嚴;
- 26. 重申第 1718 (2006)、1874 (2009)、2087 (2013)、2094 (2013)、2270 (2016)、2321 (2016)、2356 (2017)號決議和本決議規定的措施無意對朝鮮平民產生不利的人道主義影響,也無意對第 1718 (2006)、1874 (2009)、2087 (2013)、2094 (2013)、2270 (2016)、2321 (2016)、2356 (2017)號決議和本決議沒有禁止的活動,包括經濟活動與合作、糧食援助和人道主義援助,以及在朝鮮為朝鮮平民開展援助和救濟活動的國際組織和非政府組織的工作,造成不利影響或限制,決定委員會凡在它認定為協助這些組織在朝鮮開展工作,或出於符合上述決議目標的其他任何目的而需要給予豁免的情況下,可根據個案情況對任何活動免於適用這些決議規定的措施,還決定第 1718 (2006)號決議第 8 (d)段所述措施不適用於

同朝鮮外貿銀行或朝鮮民族保險總公司開展的金融交易,前提是從事此等交易只是為了朝鮮境內外交或領事使團的運作或聯合國實施的,或與聯合國協調實施的人道主義援助活動。

- 27. 重申安理會對六方會談的支持,呼籲恢復六方會談,重申支持中國、朝鮮、日本、大韓民國、俄羅斯聯邦和美國在 2005 年 9 月 19 日共同聲明中作出的承諾,包括承諾六方會談的目標是以和平方式實現可核查的朝鮮半島無核化,美國和朝鮮承諾彼此尊重主權並和平共處,六方承諾促進經濟合作及所有其他相關承諾;
- 28. 重申維護朝鮮半島和整個東北亞和平與穩定的重要性,表示安理會承諾以和平、外交和政治方式解決這一局勢,歡迎安理會成員及其他國家為通過對話實現和平及全面解決提供便利,強調指出努力緩和朝鮮半島內外緊張局勢的重要性;
- 29. 申明安理會須不斷審查朝鮮的行動,準備根據朝鮮遵守規定的情況,視需要加強、修改、暫停或解除這些措施,在這方面,表示決心,如朝鮮再次進行核試驗或發射活動,將進一步採取重大措施;
 - 30. 決定繼續處理此案。

附件一

旅行禁令/資產凍結(個人)

1. CHOE CHUN YONG

- a. 說明: Ilsim 國際銀行代表。該銀行隸屬朝鮮軍方,與 朝鮮光鮮銀行關係密切,曾試圖規避聯合國制裁。
- b. 別名: Ch'oe Ch'un-yo'ng
- c. 識別信息: 國籍: 朝鮮; 護照號碼: 654410078; 性別: 男

2. HAN JANG SU

- a. 說明:外貿銀行首席代表。
- b. 別名: Chang-Su Han
- c. 識別信息:出生日期:1969年11月8日;出生地點: 朝鮮平壤;國籍:朝鮮;護照號碼:745420176,有效期至2020年10月19日;性別:男

3. JANG SONG CHOL

- a. 說明: Jang Song Chol 係朝鮮礦業發展貿易公司海外代表。
- b. 別名:不詳
- c. 識別信息:出生日期:1967年3月12日;國籍:朝鮮

4. JANG SUNG NAM

- a. 說明:朝鮮檀君貿易公司海外分公司主管。該公司主要 負責採購商品和技術,用以支持朝鮮的國防研究和發展 項目。
- b. 別名:不詳
- c. 識別信息:出生日期:1970年7月14日;國籍:朝鮮;
 護照號碼:563120368,2013年3月22日簽發,有效期至2018年3月22日:性別:男

5. JO CHOL SONG

- a. 說明:朝鮮光鮮銀行副代表。該銀行提供金融服務,以 此協助端川商業銀行和朝鮮永邦總公司下屬實體—— 朝鮮革新貿易公司。
- b. 別名: Cho Ch'o'l-so'ng
- c. 識別信息:出生日期:1984年9月25日;國籍:朝鮮;護照編號:654320502,有效期至2019年9月16日;性別:男

6. KANG CHOL SU

- a. 說明:朝鮮永邦總公司官員。該公司專門負責為朝鮮國 防工業進行採購,並為平壤軍事相關海外銷售活動提供 支持。該公司的採購也可能支持朝鮮化學武器計劃。
- b. 別名:不詳。
- c. 識別信息: 出生日期: 1969 年 2 月 13 日; 國籍: 朝鮮; 護照號碼: 472234895

7. KIM MUN CHOL

- a. 說明:朝鮮聯合開發銀行代表。
- b. 別名: Kim Mun-ch'o'1
- c. 識別信息:出生日期:1957年3月25日;國籍:朝鮮

8. KIM NAM UNG

- a. 說明: Ilsim 國際銀行代表,該銀行隸屬朝鮮軍方,與 朝鮮光鮮銀行關係密切。Ilsim 國際銀行曾試圖規避聯 合國的制裁。
- b. 別名:不詳
- c. 識別信息: 國籍: 朝鮮; 護照編號: 654110043

9. PAK IL KYU

- a. 說明:朝鮮永邦總公司官員,該公司專門負責為朝鮮國 防工業進行採購,並為平壤軍事相關銷售活動提供支 持。該公司的採購也很可能支持朝鮮化學武器計劃。
- b. 別名: Pak II-Gyu
- c. 識別信息:國籍:朝鮮;護照編號:563120235;性別: 男

<u>名單別名更新</u>:

JANG BOM SU (KPi.016) ——新別名: Jang Hyon U,
 出生日期為 1958 年 2 月 22 日,外交護照編號為
 836110034,有效期至 2020年1月1日。

• JON MYONG GUK (KPi.018) ——新別名: Jon Yong Sang, 出生日期為 1976年8月25日, 外交護照編號 為 836110035, 有效期至 2020年1月1日。

附件二

資產凍結(實體)

- 1. 外貿銀行 (FOREIGN TRADE BANK)
 - a. 說明:外質銀行是一家國有銀行,也是朝鮮的主要外匯銀行,並向朝鮮光鮮金融會社提供了重要的金融支持。
 - b. 別名:不詳
 - c. 所在地:FTB Building , Jungsong-dong , Central District , 朝鮮平壤
- 2. 朝鮮民族保險總公司(KOREAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY)
 - a. 說明:朝鮮民族保險總公司是朝鮮的一家金融和保險公司,隸屬 39 號室。
 - b. 別名: Korea Foreign Insurance Company (朝鮮國際保險公司)
 - c. 所在地:朝鮮平壤中央區
- 3. 高麗信用開發銀行(KORYO CREDIT DEVELOPMENT BANK)
 - a. 說明:高麗信用開發銀行在朝鮮經濟的金融服務業開展工作。

- b. 別名: Daesong Credit Development Bank (大成信貸開發銀行); Koryo Global Credit Bank (高麗全球信貸銀行); Koryo Global Trust Bank (高麗全球信託銀行)
- c. 所在地:朝鮮平壤
- 4. 曼蘇戴海外工程集團 (MANSUDAE OVERSEAS PROJECT GROUP OF COMPANIES)
 - a. 說明:曼蘇戴海外工程集團從事、協助或負責從朝鮮向 其他國家輸送工人,從事修建雕像和紀念碑等與建築相 關的活動,為朝鮮政府或朝鮮勞動黨創收。據報告,曼 蘇戴海外工程集團在非洲和東南亞國家開展業務,其中 包括阿爾及利亞、安哥拉、博茨瓦納、貝寧、柬埔寨、 乍得、剛果民主共和國、赤道幾內亞、馬來西亞、莫桑 比克、馬達加斯加、納米比亞、敍利亞、多哥和津巴布 韋。
 - b. 別名: Mansudae Art Studio
 - c. 所在地:朝鮮平壤

Resolution 2371 (2017)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 8019th meeting, on 5 August 2017

The Security Council,

Recalling its previous relevant resolutions, including resolution 825 (1993), resolution 1540 (2004), resolution 1695 (2006), resolution 1718 (2006), resolution 1874 (2009), resolution 1887 (2009), resolution 2087 (2013), resolution 2094 (2013), resolution 2270 (2016), resolution 2321 (2016), and resolution 2356 (2017), as well as the statements of its President of 6 October 2006 (S/PRST/2006/41), 13 April 2009 (S/PRST/2009/7) and 16 April 2012 (S/PRST/2012/13),

Reaffirming that proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, as well as their means of delivery, constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

Expressing its gravest concern at the July 3 and July 28 of 2017 ballistic missile tests by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea ("the DPRK"), which the DPRK has stated were tests of intercontinental ballistic missiles, in violation of resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), and 2356 (2017), and at the challenge such tests constitute to the Treaty on Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons ("the NPT") and to international efforts aimed at strengthening the global regime of non-proliferation of nuclear weapons, and the danger they pose to peace and stability in the region and beyond,

Underlining once again the importance that the DPRK respond to other security and humanitarian concerns of the international community,

Underlining also that measures imposed by this resolution are not intended to have adverse humanitarian consequences for the civilian population of the DPRK,

Expressing serious concern that the DPRK has continued to violate relevant Security Council resolutions through repeated launches and attempted launches of ballistic missiles, and noting that all such ballistic missile activities contribute to the DPRK's development of nuclear weapons delivery systems and increase tension in the region and beyond,

Expressing continued concern that the DPRK is abusing the privileges and immunities accorded under the Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic and Consular Relations,

Expressing great concern that the DPRK's prohibited arms sales have generated revenues that are diverted to the pursuit of nuclear weapons and ballistic missiles while DPRK citizens have unmet needs,

Expressing its gravest concern that the DPRK's ongoing nuclear- and ballistic missile-related activities have further generated increased tension in the region and beyond, and *determining* that there continues to exist a clear threat to international peace and security,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, and taking measures under its Article 41,

- 1. Condemns in the strongest terms the ballistic missile launches conducted by the DPRK on 3 July and 28 July of 2017, which the DPRK has stated were launches of intercontinental ballistic missiles, and which used ballistic missile technology in violation and flagrant disregard of the Security Council's resolutions;
- 2. Reaffirms its decisions that the DPRK shall not conduct any further launches that use ballistic missile technology, nuclear tests, or any other provocation; shall suspend all activities related to its ballistic missile program and in this context re-establish its pre-existing commitments to a moratorium on missile launches; shall abandon all nuclear weapons and existing nuclear programs in a complete, verifiable and irreversible manner, and immediately cease all related activities; and shall abandon any other existing weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missile programs in a complete, verifiable and irreversible manner;

Designations

- 3. Decides that the measures specified in paragraph 8 (d) of resolution 1718 (2006) shall apply also to the individuals and entities listed in Annex I and II of this resolution and to any individuals or entities acting on their behalf or at their direction, and to entities owned or controlled by them, including through illicit means, and decides further that the measures specified in paragraph 8 (e) of resolution 1718 (2006) shall also apply to the individuals listed in Annex I of this resolution and to individuals acting on their behalf or at their direction;
- 4. Decides to adjust the measures imposed by paragraph 8 of resolution 1718 (2006) and this resolution through the designation of additional goods, directs the Committee to undertake its tasks to this effect and to report to the Security Council within fifteen days of adoption of this resolution, and further decides that, if the Committee has not acted, then the Security Council will complete action to adjust the measures within seven days of receiving that report;
- 5. Decides to adjust the measures imposed by paragraph 7 of resolution 2321 (2016) through the designation of additional conventional arms-related items, materials, equipment, goods, and technology, directs the Committee to undertake its tasks to this effect and to report to the Security Council within thirty days of adoption of this resolution, further decides that, if the Committee has not acted, then the Security Council will complete action to adjust the measures within seven days of receiving that report, and directs the Committee to update this list every 12 months;

Transportation

6. Decides that the Committee may designate vessels for which it has information indicating they are, or have been, related to activities prohibited by resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), or this resolution and all Member States shall prohibit the entry into their ports of such designated vessels, unless entry is required in the case

of emergency or in the case of return to its port of origination, or unless the Committee determines in advance that such entry is required for humanitarian purposes or any other purposes consistent with the objectives of resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), or this resolution;

7. Clarifies that the measures set forth in paragraph 20 of resolution 2270 (2016) and paragraph 9 of resolution 2321 (2016), requiring States to prohibit their nationals, persons subject to their jurisdiction and entities incorporated in their territory or subject to their jurisdiction from owning, leasing, operating any vessel flagged by the DPRK, without exception, unless the Committee approves on a case-by-case basis in advance, apply to chartering vessels flagged by the DPRK;

Sectoral

8. Decides that paragraph 26 of resolution 2321 (2016) shall be replaced by the following:

"Decides that the DPRK shall not supply, sell or transfer, directly or indirectly, from its territory or by its nationals or using its flag vessels or aircraft, coal, iron, and iron ore, and that all States shall prohibit the procurement of such material from the DPRK by their nationals, or using their flag vessels or aircraft, and whether or not originating in the territory of the DPRK, decides that for sales and transactions of iron and iron ore for which written contracts have been finalized prior to the adoption of this resolution, all States may allow those shipments to be imported into their territories up to 30 days from the date of adoption of this resolution with notification provided to the Committee containing details on those imports by no later than 45 days after the date of adoption of this resolution, and decides further that this provision shall not apply with respect to coal that the exporting State confirms on the basis of credible information has originated outside the DPRK and was transported through the DPRK solely for export from the Port of Rajin (Rason), provided that the exporting State notifies the Committee in advance and such transactions involving coal originating outside of the DPRK are unrelated to generating revenue for the DPRK's nuclear or ballistic missile programs or other activities prohibited by resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), or this resolution;"

- 9. Decides that the DPRK shall not supply, sell or transfer, directly or indirectly, from its territory or by its nationals or using its flag vessels or aircraft, seafood (including fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic invertebrates in all forms), and that all States shall prohibit the procurement of such items from the DPRK by their nationals, or using their flag vessels or aircraft, whether or not originating in the territory of the DPRK, and further decides that for sales and transactions of seafood (including fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic invertebrates in all forms) for which written contracts have been finalized prior to the adoption of this resolution, all States may allow those shipments to be imported into their territories up to 30 days from the date of adoption of this resolution with notification provided to the Committee containing details on those imports by no later than 45 days after the date of adoption of this resolution;
- 10. Decides that the DPRK shall not supply, sell or transfer, directly or indirectly, from its territory or by its nationals or using its flag vessels or aircraft, lead and lead ore, and that all States shall prohibit the procurement of such items from the DPRK by their nationals, or using their flag vessels or aircraft, whether or not originating in the territory of the DPRK, and further decides that for sales and

transactions of lead and lead ore for which written contracts have been finalized prior to the adoption of this resolution, all States may allow those shipments to be imported into their territories up to 30 days from the date of adoption of this resolution with notification provided to the Committee containing details on those imports by no later than 45 days after the date of adoption of this resolution;

11. Expresses concern that DPRK nationals frequently work in other States for the purpose of generating foreign export earnings that the DPRK uses to support its prohibited nuclear and ballistic missile programs, decides that all Member States shall not exceed on any date after the date of adoption of this resolution the total number of work authorizations for DPRK nationals provided in their jurisdictions at the time of the adoption of this resolution unless the Committee approves on a case-by-case basis in advance that employment of additional DPRK nationals beyond the number of work authorizations provided in a member state's jurisdiction at the time of the adoption of this resolution is required for the delivery of humanitarian assistance, denuclearization or any other purpose consistent with the objectives of resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), or this resolution;

Financial

- 12. Decides that States shall prohibit, by their nationals or in their territories, the opening of new joint ventures or cooperative entities with DPRK entities or individuals, or the expansion of existing joint ventures through additional investments, whether or not acting for or on behalf of the government of the DPRK, unless such joint ventures or cooperative entities have been approved by the Committee in advance on a case-by-case basis;
- 13. Clarifies that the prohibitions contained in paragraph 11 of resolution 2094 (2013) apply to clearing of funds through all Member States' territories;
- 14. Clarifies that companies performing financial services commensurate with those provided by banks are considered financial institutions for the purposes of implementing paragraph 11 of resolution 2094 (2013), paragraphs 33 and 34 of resolution 2270 (2016), and paragraph 33 of resolution 2321 (2016);

Chemical Weapons

15. Recalls paragraph 24 of resolution 2270 (2016), decides that the DPRK shall not deploy or use chemical weapons, and urgently calls upon the DPRK to accede to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and Their Destruction, and then to immediately comply with its provisions;

Vienna Convention

16. Demands that the DPRK fully comply with its obligations under the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations and the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations;

Impact on the People of the DPRK

17. Regrets the DPRK's massive diversion of its scarce resources toward its development of nuclear weapons and a number of expensive ballistic missile programs, notes the findings of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Assistance that well over half of the people in the DPRK suffer from major insecurities in food and medical care, including a very large number of pregnant and lactating women and under-five children who are at risk of

malnutrition and nearly a quarter of its total population suffering from chronic malnutrition, and, in this context, *expresses* deep concern at the grave hardship to which the people in the DPRK are subjected;

Sanctions Implementation

- 18. Decides that Member States shall report to the Security Council within ninety days of the adoption of this resolution, and thereafter upon request by the Committee, on concrete measures they have taken in order to implement effectively the provisions of this resolution, requests the Panel of Experts, in cooperation with other United Nations sanctions monitoring groups, to continue its efforts to assist Member States in preparing and submitting such reports in a timely manner;
- 19. Calls upon all Member States to redouble efforts to implement in full the measures in resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), and 2356 (2017), and to cooperate with each other in doing so, particularly with respect to inspecting, detecting and seizing items the transfer of which is prohibited by these resolutions;
- 20. Decides that the mandate of the Committee, as set out in paragraph 12 of resolution 1718 (2006), shall apply with respect to the measures imposed in this resolution and further decides that the mandate of the Panel of Experts, as specified in paragraph 26 of resolution 1874 (2009) and modified in paragraph 1 of resolution 2345 (2017), shall also apply with respect to the measures imposed in this resolution;
- 21. Decides to authorize all Member States to, and that all Member States shall, seize and dispose (such as through destruction, rendering inoperable or unusable, storage, or transferring to a State other than the originating or destination States for disposal) of items the supply, sale, transfer, or export of which is prohibited by resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), or this resolution that are identified in inspections, in a manner that is not inconsistent with their obligations under applicable Security Council resolutions, including resolution 1540 (2004), as well as any obligations of parties to the NPT, the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction of 10 April 1972;
- 22. Emphasizes the importance of all States, including the DPRK, taking the necessary measures to ensure that no claim shall lie at the instance of the DPRK, or of any person or entity in the DPRK, or of persons or entities designated for measures set forth in resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), or this resolution, or any person claiming through or for the benefit of any such person or entity, in connection with any contract or other transaction where its performance was prevented by reason of the measures imposed by this resolution or previous resolutions;
- 23. Requests that Interpol issue Special Notices with respect to designated individuals, and *directs* the Committee to work with Interpol to develop the appropriate arrangements to do so;
- 24. Requests the Secretary-General to provide additional analytical resources needed to the Panel of Experts established pursuant to resolution 1874 (2009) to strengthen its ability to analyze the DPRK's sanctions violation and evasion activities;

Political

- 25. Reiterates its deep concern at the grave hardship that the people in the DPRK are subjected to, condemns the DPRK for pursuing nuclear weapons and ballistic missiles instead of the welfare of its people while people in the DPRK have great unmet needs, and emphasizes the necessity of the DPRK respecting and ensuring the welfare and inherent dignity of people in the DPRK;
- 26. Reaffirms that the measures imposed by resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017), and this resolution are not intended to have adverse humanitarian consequences for the civilian population of the DPRK or to affect negatively or restrict those activities, including economic activities and cooperation, food aid and humanitarian assistance, that are not prohibited by resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2356 (2017) and this resolution, and the work of international and non-governmental organizations carrying out assistance and relief activities in the DPRK for the benefit of the civilian population of the DPRK and decides that the Committee may, on a case-by-case basis, exempt any activity from the measures imposed by these resolutions if the committee determines that such an exemption is necessary to facilitate the work of such organizations in the DPRK or for any other purpose consistent with the objectives of these resolutions, and further decides that the measures specified in paragraph 8 (d) of resolution 1718 (2006) shall not apply with respect to financial transactions with the DPRK Foreign Trade Bank or the Korea National Insurance Corporation if such transactions are solely for the operation of diplomatic or consular missions in the DPRK or humanitarian assistance activities that are undertaken by, or in coordination with, the United Nations;
- 27. Reaffirms its support for the Six Party Talks, calls for their resumption, and reiterates its support for the commitments set forth in the Joint Statement of 19 September 2005 issued by China, the DPRK, Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, and the United States, including that the goal of the Six-Party Talks is the verifiable denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula in a peaceful manner, that the United States and the DPRK undertook to respect each other's sovereignty and exist peacefully together, that the Six Parties undertook to promote economic cooperation, and all other relevant commitments;
- 28. Reiterates the importance of maintaining peace and stability on the Korean Peninsula and in north-east Asia at large, and expresses its commitment to a peaceful, diplomatic, and political solution to the situation and welcomes efforts by the Council members as well as other States to facilitate a peaceful and comprehensive solution through dialogue and stresses the importance of working to reduce tensions in the Korean Peninsula and beyond;
- 29. Affirms that it shall keep the DPRK's actions under continuous review and is prepared to strengthen, modify, suspend or lift the measures as may be needed in light of the DPRK's compliance, and, in this regard, expresses its determination to take further significant measures in the event of a further DPRK nuclear test or launch;
 - 30. Decides to remain seized of the matter.

Annex I

Travel Ban/Asset Freeze (Individuals)

CHOE CHUN YONG

- a. Description: Representative for Ilsim International Bank, which is affiliated with the DPRK military and has a close relationship with the Korea Kwangson Banking Corporation. Ilsim International Bank has attempted to evade United Nations sanctions.
- b. A.K.A.: Ch'oe Ch'un-yo'ng
- c. Identifiers: Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 654410078; Gender: male

HAN JANG SU

- a. Description: Chief Representative of the Foreign Trade Bank.
- b. A.K.A.: Chang-Su Han
- c. Identifiers: DOB: November 08, 1969; POB: Pyongyang, DPRK; Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 745420176, expires on October 19, 2020; Gender: male

3. JANG SONG CHOL

- a. Description: Jang Song Chol is a Korea Mining Development Corporation (KOMID) representative overseas.
- b. AKA: n/a
- c. Identifiers: DOB: 12 March 1967; Nationality: DPRK

4. JANG SUNG NAM

- a. Description: Chief of an overseas Tangun Trading Corporation branch, which is primarily responsible for the procurement of commodities and technologies to support the DPRK's defense research and development programs.
- b. A.K.A.: n/a
- c. *Identifiers*: DOB: July 14, 1970; Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 563120368, issued on March 22, 2013; Passport expiration date: March 22, 2018; Gender: male

5. JO CHOL SONG

- a. Description: Deputy Representative for the Korea Kwangson Banking Corporation, which provides financial services in support to Tanchon Commercial Bank and Korea Hyoksin Trading, a subordinate entity of Korea Ryonbong General Corporation.
- b. A.K.A.: Cho Ch'o'l-so'ng
- c. *Identifiers*: DOB: September 25, 1984; Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 654320502, expires on September 16, 2019; Gender: male

6. KANG CHOL SU

a. Description: Official for Korea Ryonbong General Corporation, which specializes in acquisition for the DPRK's defense industries and support for the DPRK's military-related overseas sales. Its procurements also likely support the DPRK's chemical weapons program.

- b. A.K.A.: n/a
- c. Identifiers: DOB: February 13, 1969; Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 472234895

7. KIM MUN CHOL

- a. Description: Representative for Korea United Development Bank.
- b. A.K.A.: Kim Mun-ch'o'l
- Identifiers: DOB: March 25, 1957; Nationality: DPRK

8. KIM NAM UNG

- a. Description: Representative for Ilsim International Bank, which is affiliated with the DPRK military and has a close relationship with the Korea Kwangson Banking Corporation. Ilsim International Bank has attempted to evade United Nations sanctions.
- b. A.K.A.: n/a
- c. Identifiers: Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 654110043

PAK IL KYU

- a. Description: Official for Korea Ryonbong General Corporation, which specializes in acquisition for DPRK's defense industries and support to Pyongyang's military-related sales. Its procurements also likely support the DPRK's chemical weapons program.
- b. A.K.A.: Pak Il-Gyu
- c. Identifiers: Nationality: DPRK; Passport no.: 563120235; Gender: male

List Update for Aliases:

- JANG BOM SU (KPi.016) New AKA: Jang Hyon U with date of birth 22 February 1958 and diplomatic passport number 836110034, which expires on 1 January 2020.
- JON MYONG GUK (KPi.018) New AKA: Jon Yong Sang with date of birth 25 August 1976 and diplomatic passport number 836110035, which expires on 1 January 2020.

Annex II

Asset Freeze (Entities)

1. FOREIGN TRADE BANK (FTB)

- a. Description: Foreign Trade Bank is a state-owned bank and acts as the DPRK's primary foreign exchange bank and has provided key financial support to the Korea Kwangson Banking Corporation.
- b. AKA; n/a
- Location: FTB Building, Jungsong-dong, Central District, Pyongyang, DPRK

2. KOREAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY (KNIC)

- a. Description: The Korean National Insurance Company is a DPRK financial and insurance company and is affiliated with Office 39.
- b. AKA: Korea Foreign Insurance Company
- c. Location: Central District, Pyongyang, DPRK

3. KORYO CREDIT DEVELOPMENT BANK

- a. Description: Koryo Credit Development Bank operates in the financial services industry in the DPRK's economy.
- b. AKA: Daesong Credit Development Bank; Koryo Global Credit Bank; Koryo Global Trust Bank
- c. Location: Pyongyang, DPRK

4. MANSUDAE OVERSEAS PROJECT GROUP OF COMPANIES

- a. Description: Mansudae Overseas Project Group of Companies engaged in, facilitated, or was responsible for the exportation of workers from the DPRK to other nations for construction-related activities including for statues and monuments to generate revenue for the Government of the DPRK or the Workers' Party of Korea. The Mansudae Overseas Project Group of Companies has been reported to conduct business in countries in Africa and Southeast Asia including Algeria, Angola, Botswana, Benin, Cambodia, Chad, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Malaysia, Mozambique, Madagascar, Namibia, Syria, Togo, and Zimbabwe.
- b. AKA: Mansudae Art Studio
- c. Location: Pyongyang, DPRK

二零一七年八月二十二日於行政長官辦公室

Gabinete do Chefe do Executivo, aos 22 de Agosto de 2017.

辦公室主任 柯嵐 — A Chefe do Gabinete, O Lam.